



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG:	210622-69	Client Reference:	B025563	Report Number:	604211
Location:	bridge South East Transport - Ph	Order Number:	7000964	Superseded Report:	

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH4 by the BRE method, VOC TICs and SVOC TICs.

2. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALS reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

3. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

4. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

5. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

6. NDP - No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

7. Results relate only to the items tested.

8. LoDs (Limit of Detection) for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

9. **Surrogate recoveries** - Surrogates are added to your sample to monitor recovery of the test requested. A % recovery is reported, results are not corrected for the recovery measured. Typical recoveries for organics tests are 70-130%. Recoveries in soils are affected by organic rich or clay rich matrices. Waters can be affected by remediation fluids or high amounts of sediment. Test results are only ever reported if all of the associated quality checks pass; it is assumed that all recoveries outside of the values above are due to matrix affect.

10. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

11. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

12. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

13. For leachate preparations other than Zero Headspace Extraction (ZHE) volatile loss may occur.

14. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

15. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5-C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

16. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

General

17. **Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs)** are non-target peaks in VOC and SVOC analysis. All non-target peaks detected with a concentration above the LoD are subjected to a mass spectral library search. Non-target peaks with a library search confidence of >75% are reported based on the best mass spectral library match. When a non-target peak with a library search confidence of <75% is detected it is reported as "mixed hydrocarbons". Non-target compounds identified from the scan data are semi-quantified relative to one of the deuterated internal standards, under the same chromatographic conditions as the target compounds. This result is reported as a semi-quantitative value and reported as Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs). TICs are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation and are not moisture corrected.

18. Sample Deviations

If a sample is classed as deviated then the associated results may be compromised.

1	Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis
2	Incorrect container received
3	Deviation from method
4	Matrix interference
♦	Sample holding time exceeded in laboratory
@	Sample holding time exceeded due to late arrival of instructions or samples
§	Sampled on date not provided

19. Asbestos

When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible (NDP). The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using ALS (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using ALS (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

Asbestos Type	Common Name
Chrysotile	White Asbestos
Amosite	Brown Asbestos
Crocidolite	Blue Asbestos
Fibrous Actinolite	-
Fibrous Anthophyllite	-
Fibrous Tremolite	-

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace - Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Respirable Fibres

Respirable fibres are defined as fibres of <3 µm diameter, longer than 5 µm and with aspect ratios of at least 3:1 that can be inhaled into the lower regions of the lung and are generally acknowledged to be most important predictor of hazard and risk for cancers of the lung. Standing Committee of Analysts, *The Quantification of Asbestos in Soil (2017)*.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.

Cambridge South East Transport – Phase 2

Factual Ground Investigation Report

APPENDIX L: SPT CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES



Unit 25 Stella Gill Industrial Estate
Pelton Fell
Chester-le-Street
DH2 2RG

SPT Hammer Energy Test Report

in accordance with BSEN ISO 22476-3:2005

SPT Hammer Ref: 30-7
Test Date: 30/07/2020
Report Date: 30/07/2020
File Name: 30-7.spt
Test Operator: BP

Instrumented Rod Data

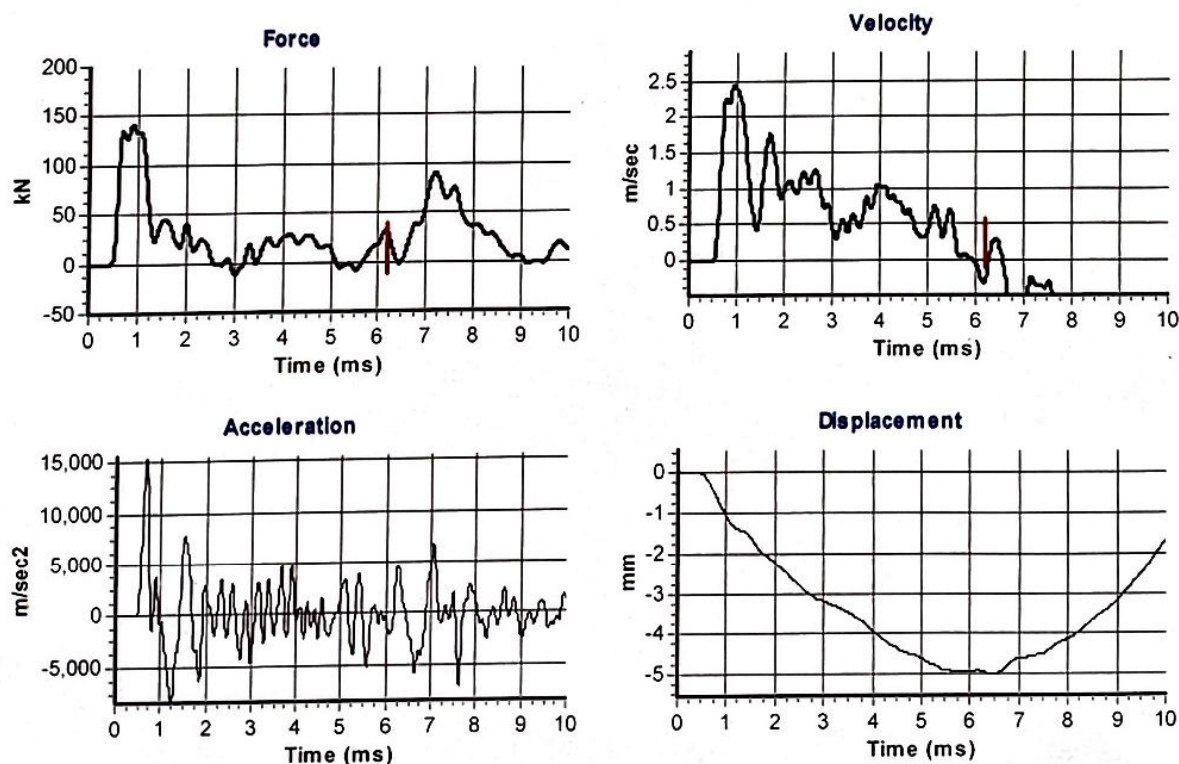
Diameter d_r (mm): 67
Wall Thickness t_r (mm): 8.8
Assumed Modulus E_a (GPa): 208
Accelerometer No.1: 11948
Accelerometer No.2: 6469

SPT Hammer Information

Hammer Mass m (kg): 63.5
Falling Height h (mm): 760
SPT String Length L (m): 14.1

Comments / Location

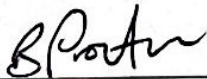
Mass and drop supplied by client



Calculations

Area of Rod A (mm²): 1609
Theoretical Energy E_{theor} (J): 473
Measured Energy E_{meas} (J): 236

Energy Ratio E_r (%): **50**

Signed: 
Title: Senior Technician

The recommended calibration interval is 12 months

SPT Hammer Energy Test Report

in accordance with BSEN ISO 22476-3:2005

ARCHWAY ENGINEERING (UK) LTD
AINLEYS INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
ELLAND
WEST YORKSHIRE
HX5 9JP

SPT Hammer Ref: DART449
Test Date: 04/01/2021
Report Date: 04/01/2021
File Name: DART449.spt
Test Operator: JL

Instrumented Rod Data

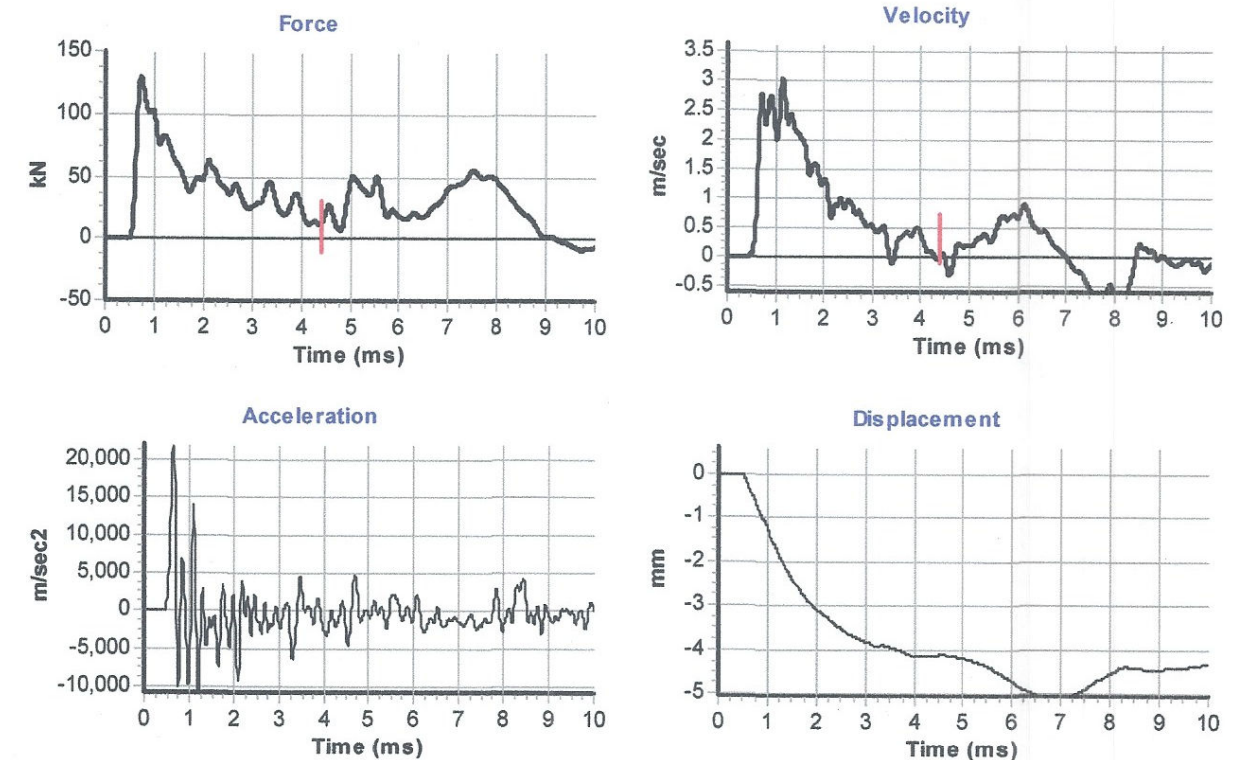
Diameter d_r (mm): 54
Wall Thickness t_r (mm): 6.3
Assumed Modulus E_a (GPa): 208
Accelerometer No.1: 7080
Accelerometer No.2: 11609

SPT Hammer Information

Hammer Mass m (kg): 63.5
Falling Height h (mm): 760
SPT String Length L (m): 10.0

Comments / Location

BAINBRIDGE BROTHERS - 73694



Calculations

Area of Rod A (mm²): 944
Theoretical Energy E_{theor} (J): 473
Measured Energy E_{meas} (J): 301

Energy Ratio E_r (%): **64**

Signed: 
Title: FITTER

The recommended calibration interval is 12 months

SPT Hammer Energy Test Report

in accordance with BSEN ISO 22476-3:2005

ARCHWAY ENGINEERING (UK) LTD
AINLEYS INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
ELLAND
WEST YORKSHIRE
HX5 9JP

SPT Hammer Ref: BB1
Test Date: 04/01/2021
Report Date: 04/01/2021
File Name: BB1.spt
Test Operator: JL

Instrumented Rod Data

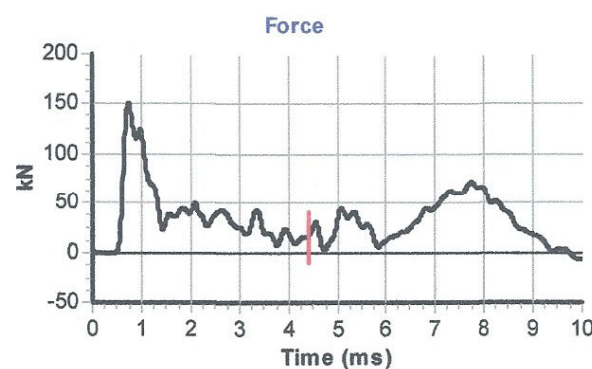
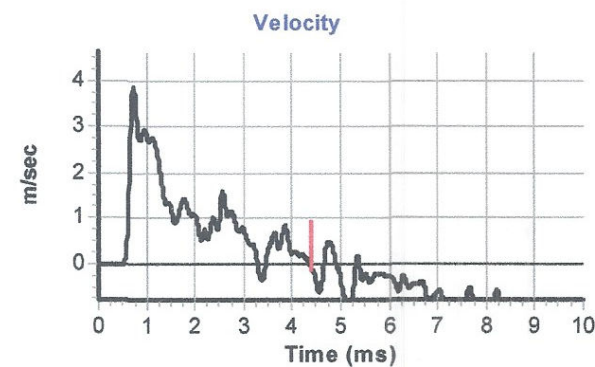
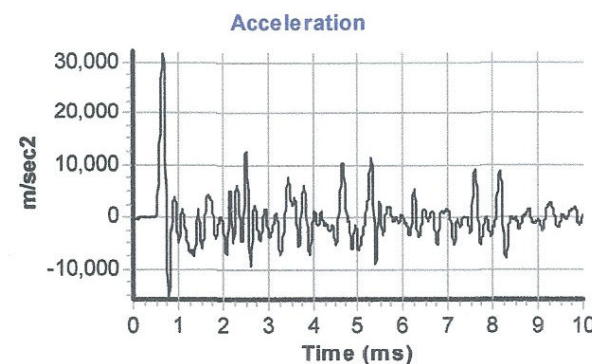
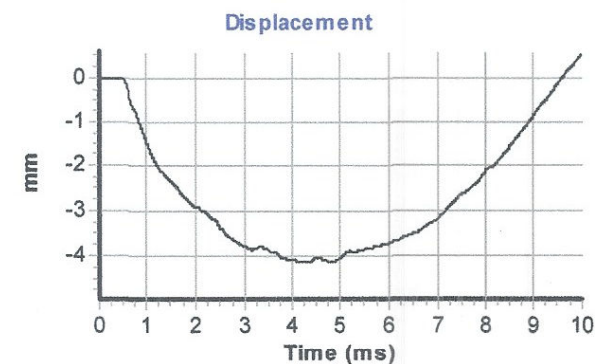
Diameter d_r (mm): 54
Wall Thickness t_r (mm): 6.3
Assumed Modulus E_a (GPa): 208
Accelerometer No.1: 7080
Accelerometer No.2: 11609

SPT Hammer Information

Hammer Mass m (kg): 63.5
Falling Height h (mm): 760
SPT String Length L (m): 10.0

Comments / Location

BAINBRIDGE BROTHERS - 73694



Calculations

Area of Rod A (mm²): 944
Theoretical Energy E_{theor} (J): 473
Measured Energy E_{meas} (J): 305

Energy Ratio E_r (%): **64**

Signed: J.LOCK
Title: FITTER

The recommended calibration interval is 12 months

SPT Hammer Energy Test Report

in accordance with BSEN ISO 22476-3:2005

ARCHWAY ENGINEERING (UK) LTD
AINLEYS INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
ELLAND
WEST YORKSHIRE
HX5 9JP

SPT Hammer Ref: BB2
Test Date: 04/01/2021
Report Date: 04/01/2021
File Name: BB2.spt
Test Operator: JL

Instrumented Rod Data

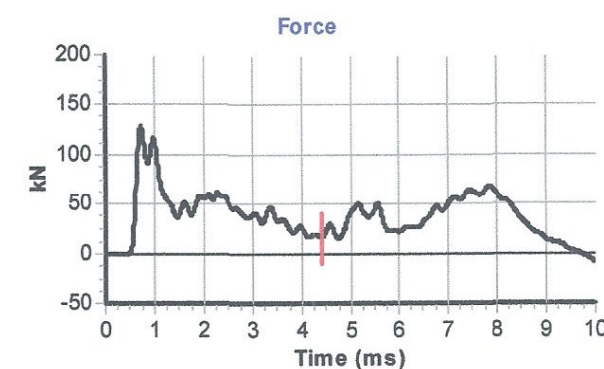
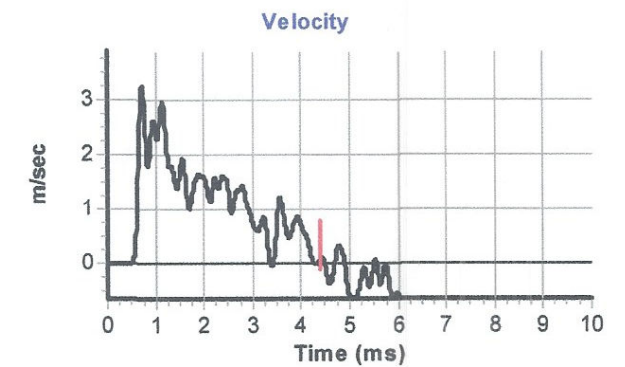
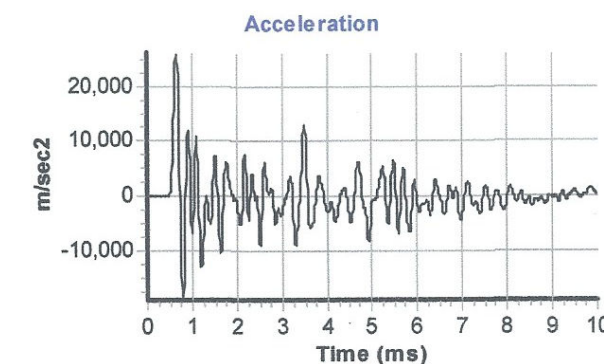
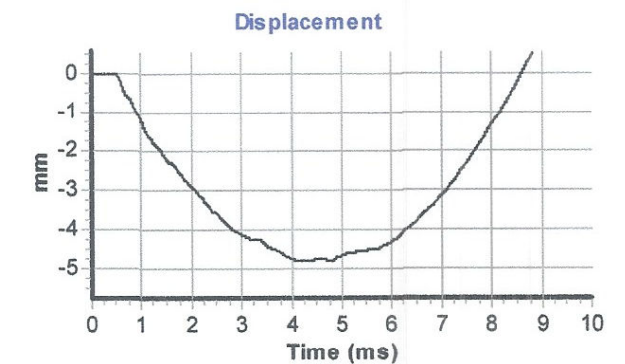
Diameter d_r (mm): 54
Wall Thickness t_r (mm): 6.3
Assumed Modulus E_a (GPa): 208
Accelerometer No.1: 7080
Accelerometer No.2: 11609

SPT Hammer Information

Hammer Mass m (kg): 63.5
Falling Height h (mm): 760
SPT String Length L (m): 10.0

Comments / Location

BAINBRIDGE BROTHERS - 73694



Calculations

Area of Rod A (mm²): 944
Theoretical Energy E_{theor} (J): 473
Measured Energy E_{meas} (J): 307

Energy Ratio E_r (%): **65**

Signed: J.LOCK
Title: FITTER

The recommended calibration interval is 12 months

SPT Hammer Energy Test Report

in accordance with BSEN ISO 22476-3:2005

ARCHWAY ENGINEERING (UK) LTD
AINLEYS INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
ELLAND
WEST YORKSHIRE
HX5 9JP

SPT Hammer Ref: BB3
Test Date: 04/01/2021
Report Date: 04/01/2021
File Name: BB3.spt
Test Operator: JL

Instrumented Rod Data

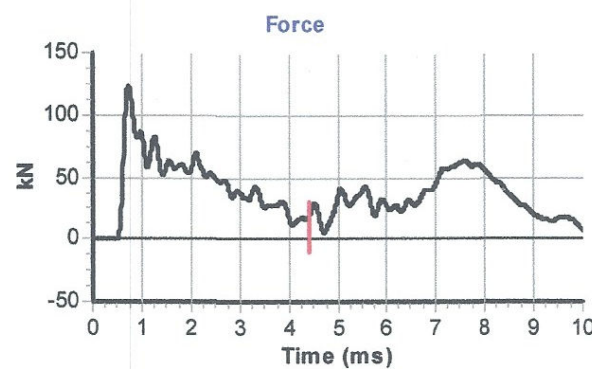
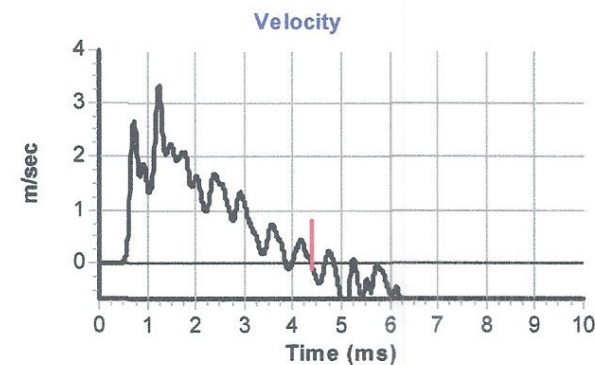
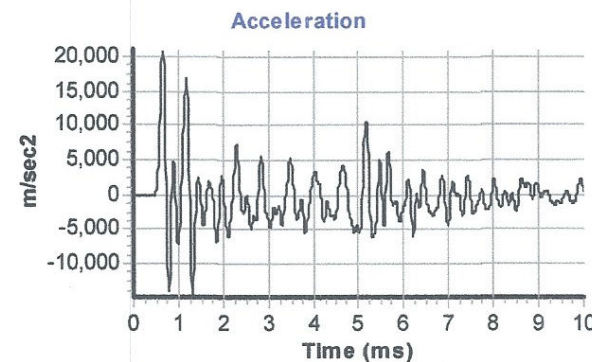
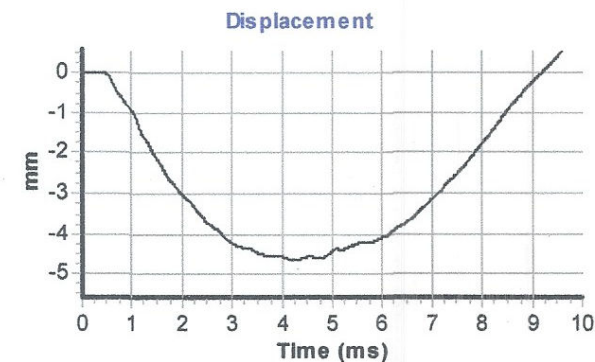
Diameter d_r (mm): 54
Wall Thickness t_r (mm): 6.3
Assumed Modulus E_a (GPa): 208
Accelerometer No.1: 7080
Accelerometer No.2: 11609

SPT Hammer Information

Hammer Mass m (kg): 63.5
Falling Height h (mm): 760
SPT String Length L (m): 10.0

Comments / Location

BAINBRIDGE BROTHERS - 73694



Calculations

Area of Rod A (mm²): 944
Theoretical Energy E_{theor} (J): 473
Measured Energy E_{meas} (J): 293

Energy Ratio E_r (%): **62**

Signed: J.LOCK
Title: FITTER

The recommended calibration interval is 12 months

SPT Hammer Energy Test Report

in accordance with BSEN ISO 22476-3:2005

ARCHWAY ENGINEERING (UK) LTD
AINLEYS INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
ELLAND
WEST YORKSHIRE
HX5 9JP

SPT Hammer Ref: BB4
Test Date: 04/01/2021
Report Date: 04/01/2021
File Name: BB4.spt
Test Operator: JL

Instrumented Rod Data

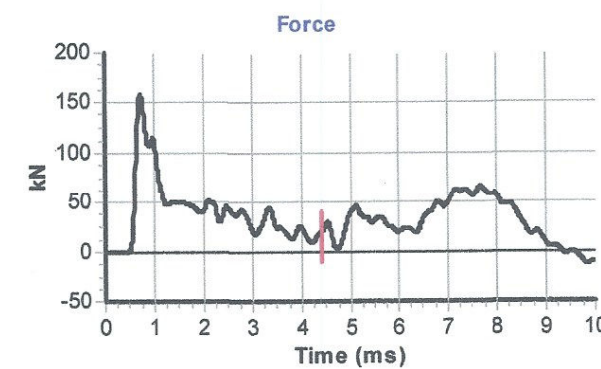
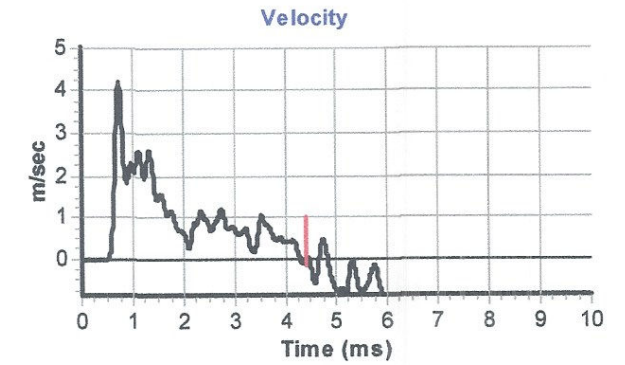
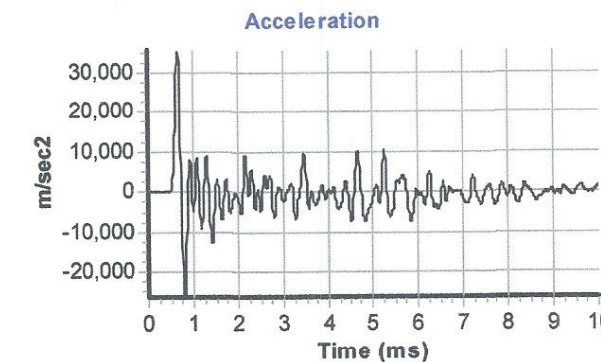
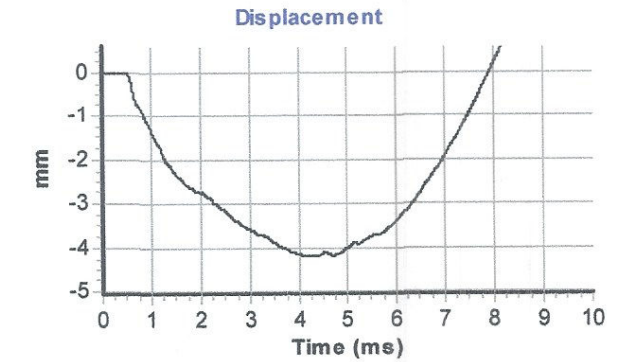
Diameter d_r (mm): 54
Wall Thickness t_r (mm): 6.3
Assumed Modulus E_a (GPa): 208
Accelerometer No.1: 7080
Accelerometer No.2: 11609

SPT Hammer Information

Hammer Mass m (kg): 63.5
Falling Height h (mm): 760
SPT String Length L (m): 10.0

Comments / Location

BAINBRIDGE BROTHERS - 73694



Calculations

Area of Rod A (mm²): 944
Theoretical Energy E_{theor} (J): 473
Measured Energy E_{meas} (J): 298

Energy Ratio E_r (%): **63**

Signed: J.LOCK
Title: FITTER

The recommended calibration interval is 12 months